

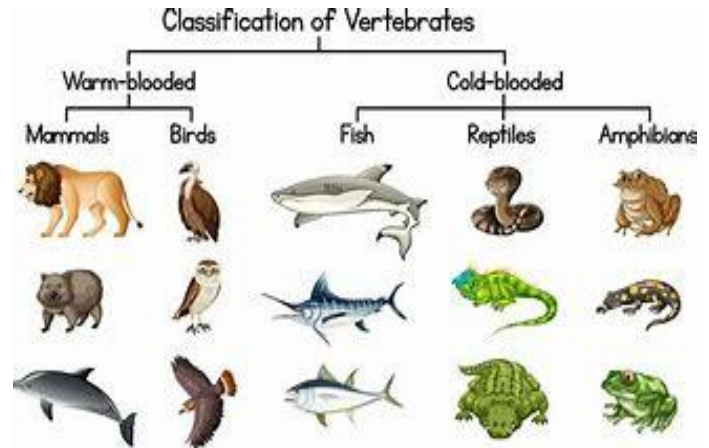
Top takeaways:

- Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways.
- Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment.
- Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things.

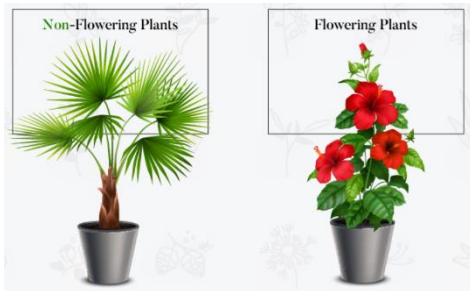
Characteristics of living things

- Movement
- Respiration
- Sensitivity
- Growth
- Reproduction
- Excretion
- Nutrition

MRS GREEN



Classifying plants:

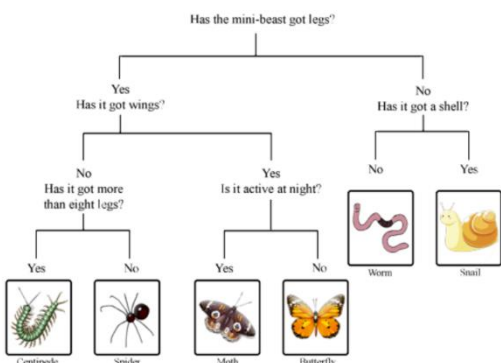


Considering environmental impacts:



Invertebrate Animals

Phylum	Key Characteristics	Representative Species
Cnidaria	Stinging tentacles	Jellyfish, Corals, Anemone
Echinodermata	Spiny coverings	Urchins, Sea Stars
Mollusca	Large foot (many with shells)	Snails, Clams, Octopi
Annelida	Segmented bodies	Earth Worms, Leeches
Arthropoda	Jointed appendages	Crayfish, Hermit Crabs, Insects



Classification keys:

